

# Synergy of Atmospheric Aerosol Information: The importance of “getting it right”.

Robert C. Levy (SSAI @ 613.2)

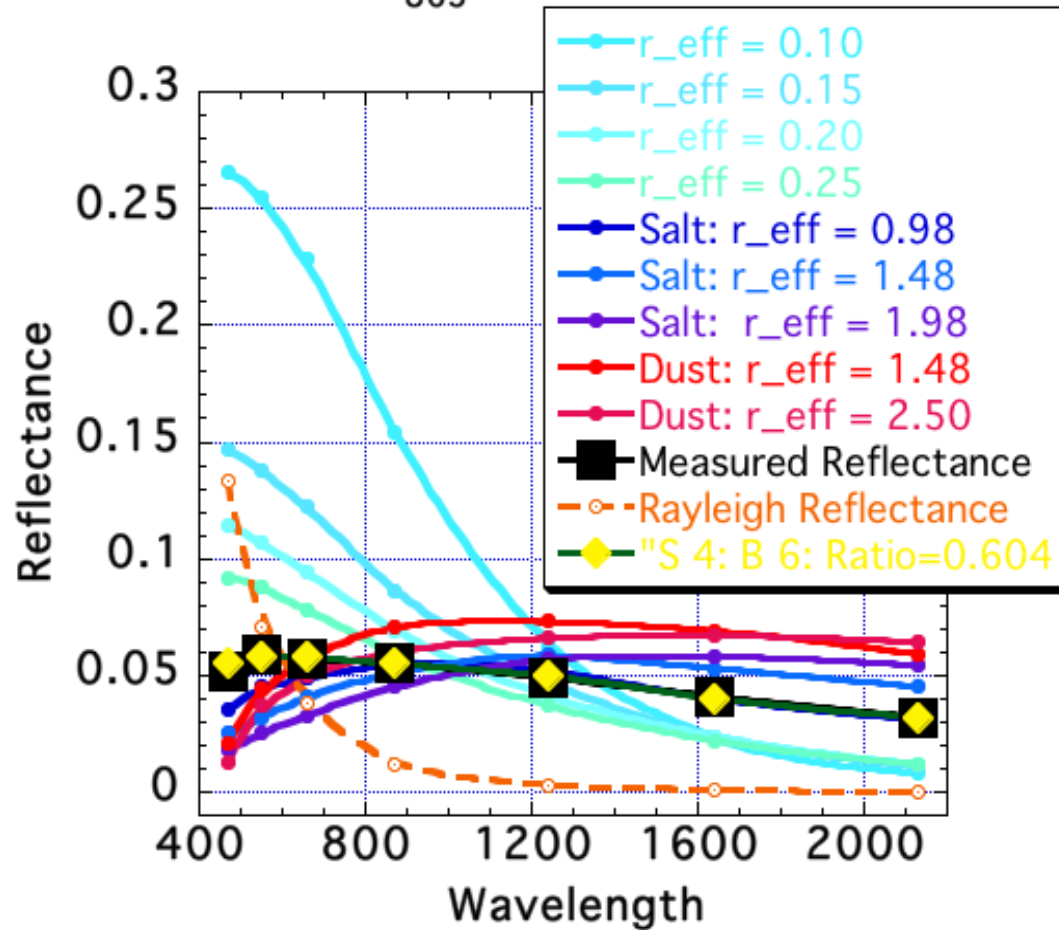
Contributors: S. Mattoo, L. Remer, R. Kleidman, R. Kahn, S. Gassó, G. Leptoukh...



Climate and Radiation Research Code 613.2

# MODIS Aerosol Algorithm

Modeled and Observed Reflectance from MODIS  
July 21, 14:50:  $\tau_{865} = 0.48$



## Aerosol Retrieval Bands

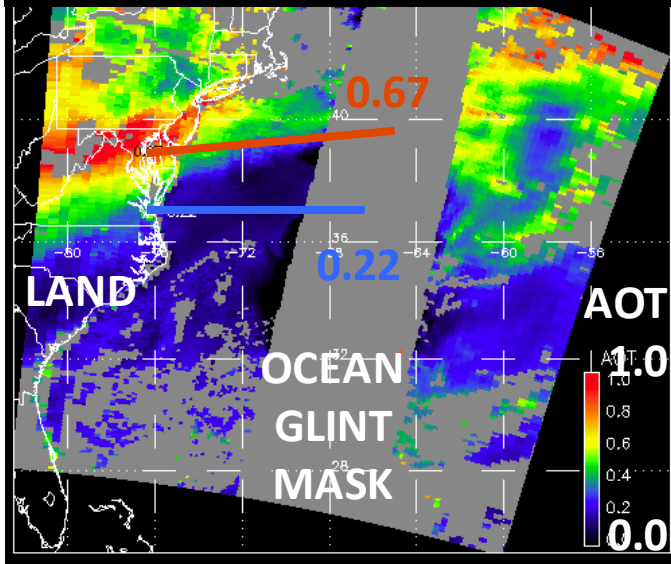
Band	Bandwidth	Resolution
1	620-670 nm	250 m
<b>2</b>	<b>841-876 nm</b>	<b>250 m</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>459-479 nm</b>	<b>500 m</b>
4	545-565 nm	500 m
5	1230-1250 nm	500 m
6	1628-1652 nm	500 m
7	2105-2155 nm	500 m

- Ocean: Inversion of  $6\lambda$  excludes **Band 3**.  
balanced on **Band 2**
- Land: Inversion of  $3\lambda$  includes **Band 3**

# Evaluation of the C005 Aerosol Product

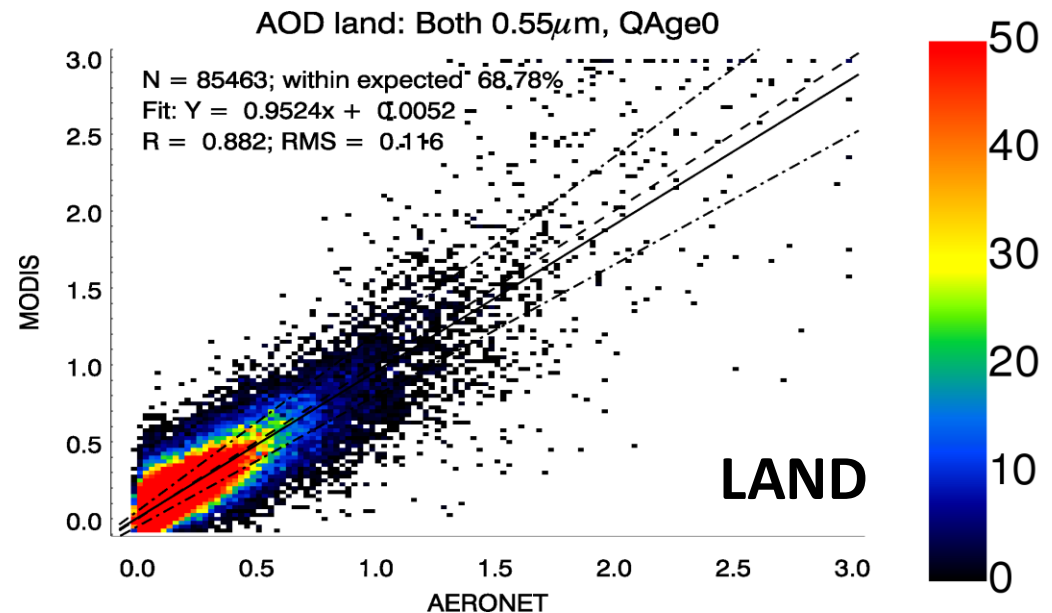
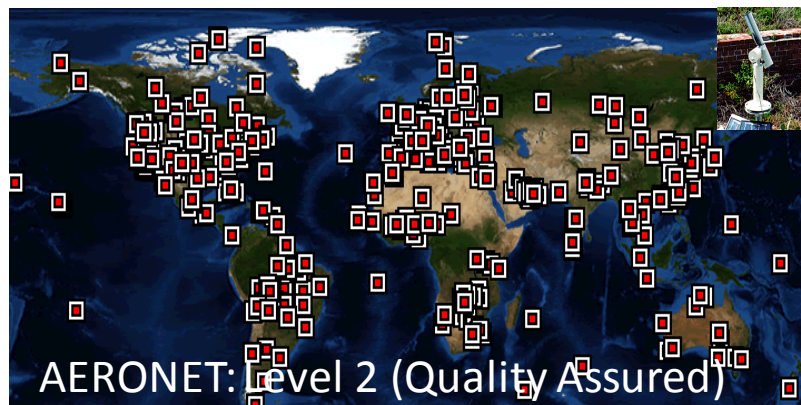
# Validation: quantifying the expected error

May 4, 2001; 13:25 UTC  
Level 2 “Granule”



## First steps:

- Pictures look good
- Compare both land and ocean products to AERONET, separately
- Validation: 66% are within “Expected Error” (EE) defined as
  - Land:  $\pm(0.15\tau + 0.05)$
  - Ocean:  $\pm(0.05\tau + 0.04)$

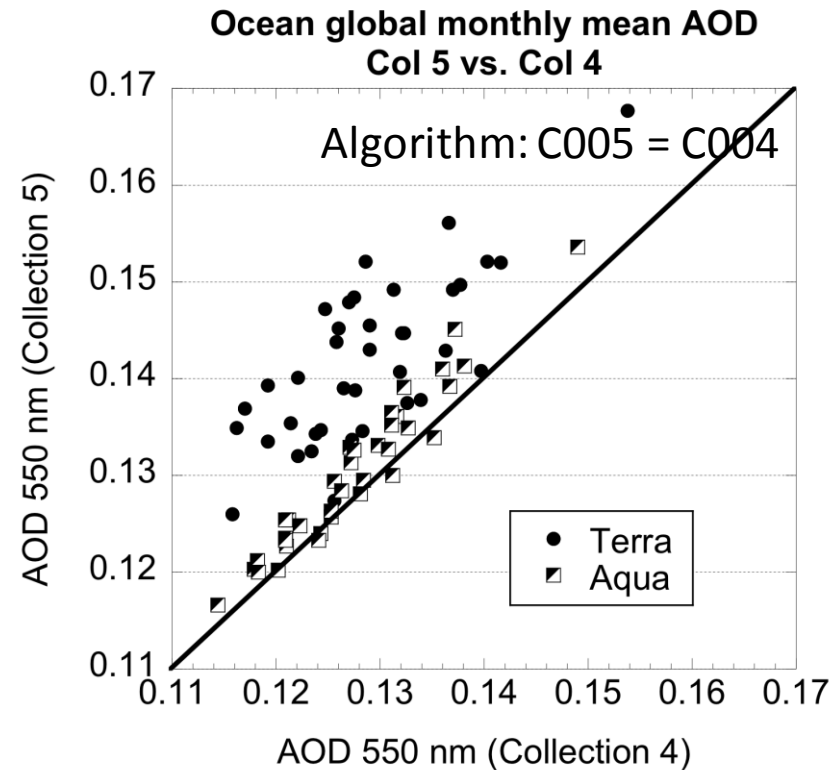
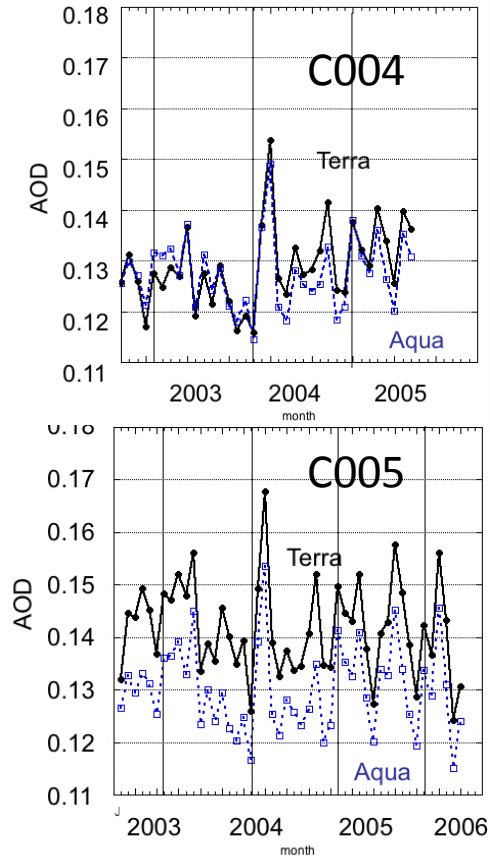


# C005 Validation Summary

- MODIS C005 dark-target AOD (Land and Ocean) is “validated”,
  - 66% within defined error envelope, globally
  - Generally, more tightly constrained than C004
- In other words, no major surprises!
- Therefore, we analyzed C005 data to answer some basic questions about global aerosol...

Q1: What is global mean AOD?

# A1: It depends on the instrument and the Collection



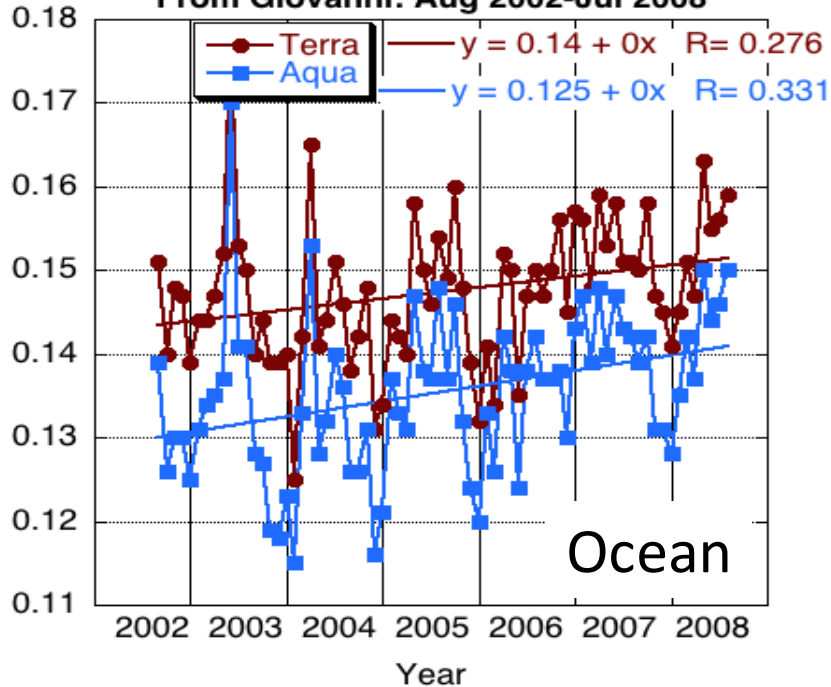
- We expected C005 mean = C004 mean
- C005 Terra > C004 Terra and C005 Terra > C005 Aqua
- ***This is result of changing L1B observational input!*** Remer et al., JGR 2009

Q2: Is global aerosol increasing or decreasing?

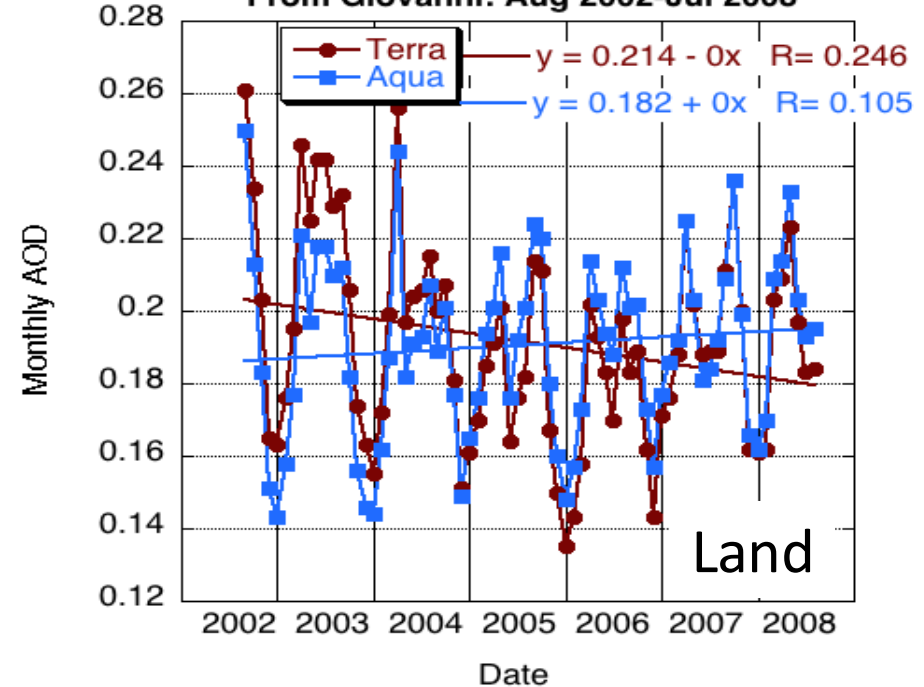


# A2: A Definite Maybe

MODIS Monthly Average AOD over ocean only  
From Giovanni: Aug 2002-Jul 2008

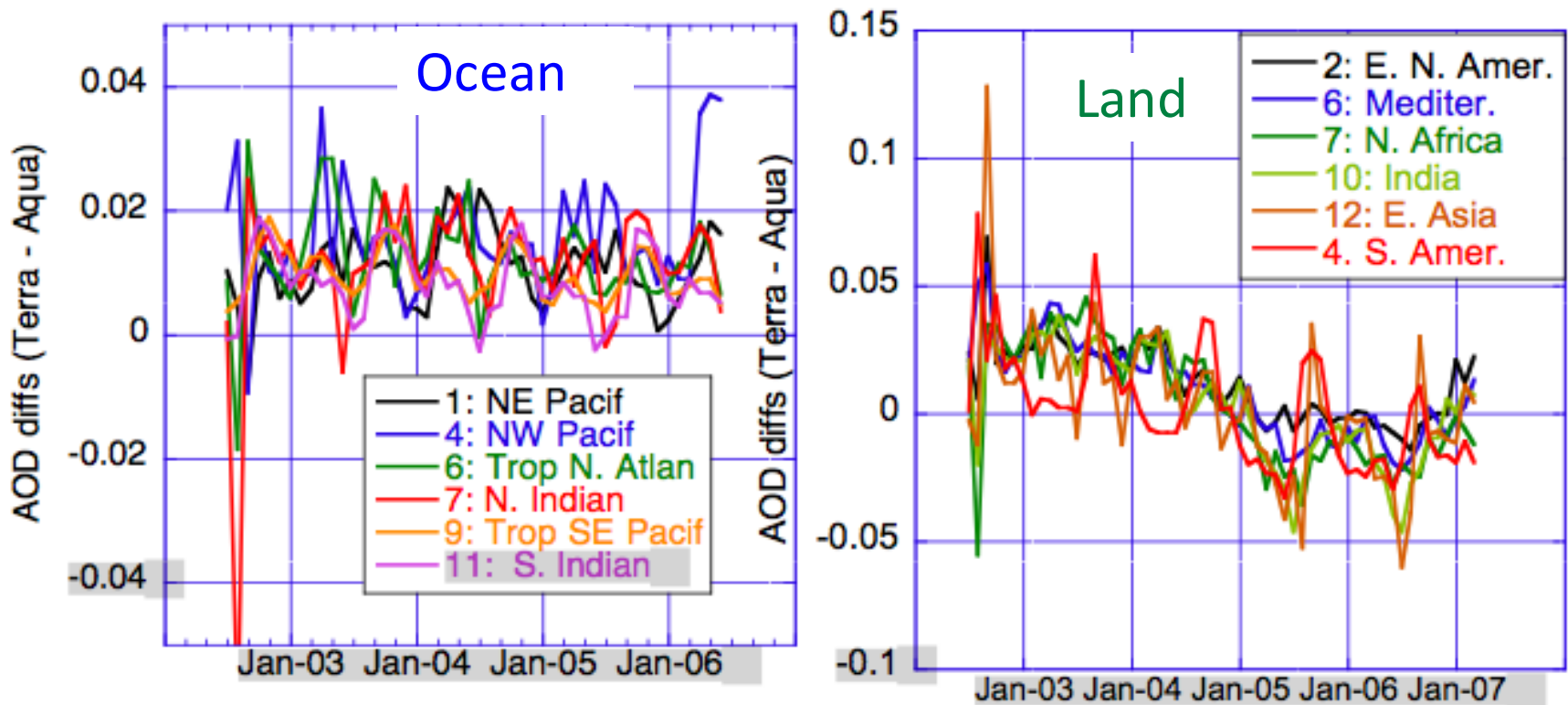


MODIS Monthly Average AOD over land only  
From Giovanni: Aug 2002-Jul 2008



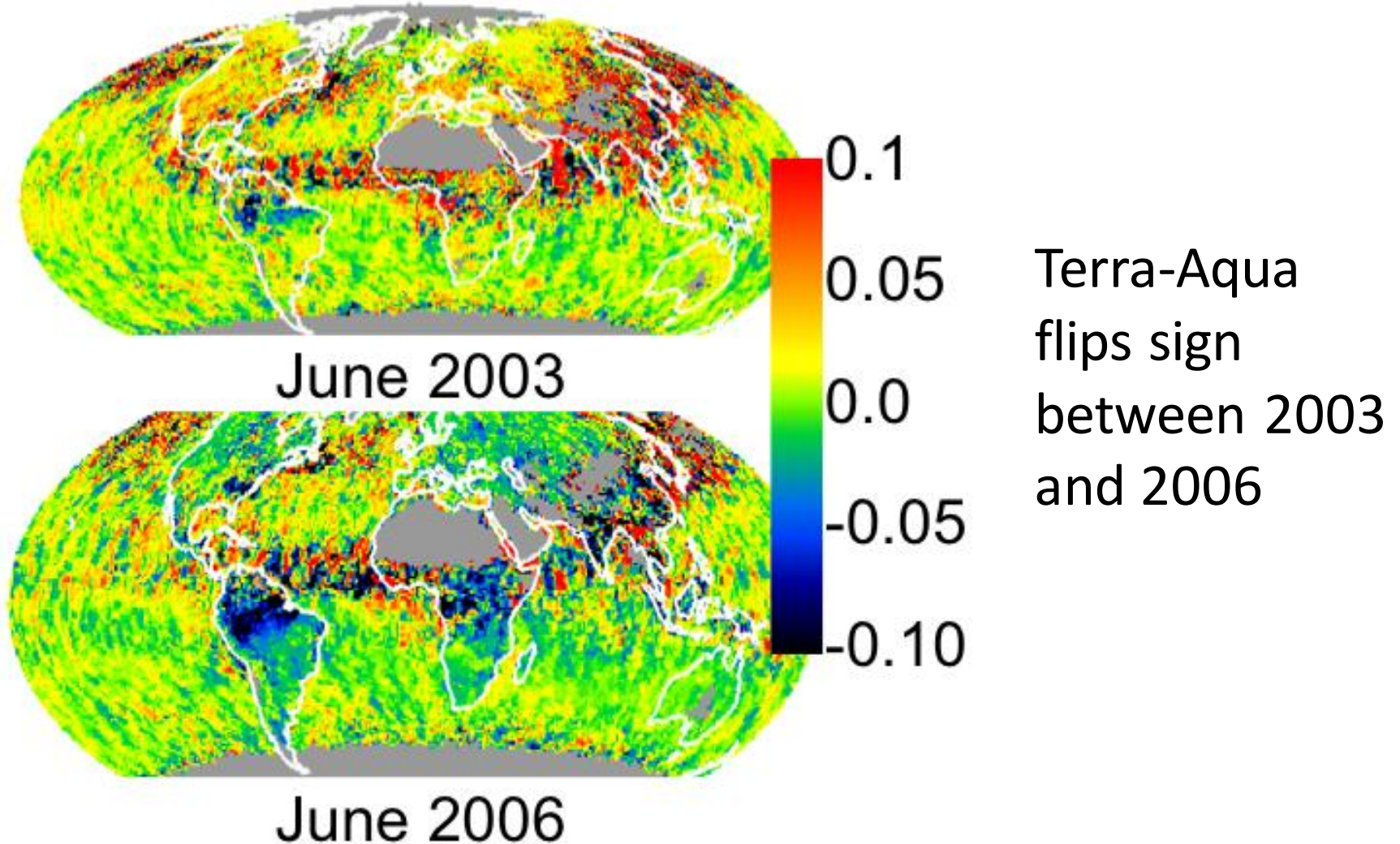
- Over ocean,
  - Terra and Aqua are increasing (+0.001/yr), and are both significant at 95%
  - Terra > Aqua by +0.01 (10%).
- Over land,
  - Terra decreases (-0.004/yr), and is significant at 95% level
  - Aqua increases (+0.0007/yr), and is not significant at 95% level

# Terra $\neq$ Aqua (1)



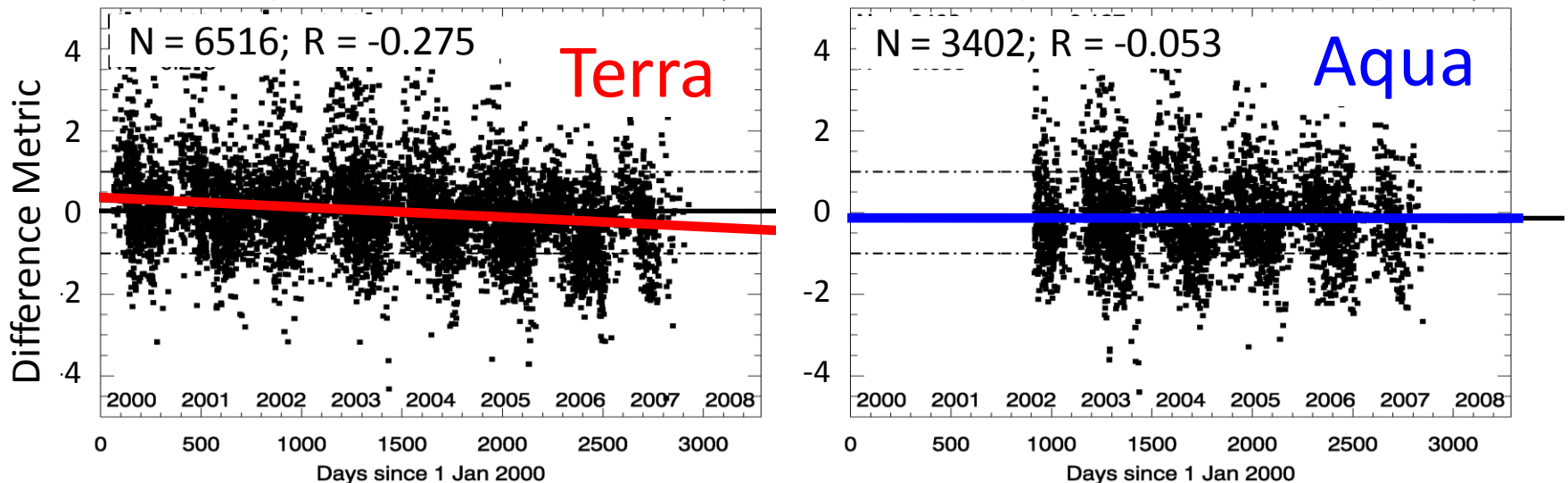
- Terra – Aqua is the same everywhere on the globe!
  - Ocean: Terra-Aqua = 0.01;
  - Land: Terra-Aqua changes from +0.02 to -0.01.
- Details of aggregation and sampling are NOT primary driver
- All-regional behavior suggests not local diurnal cycle

# Terra $\neq$ Aqua (2)



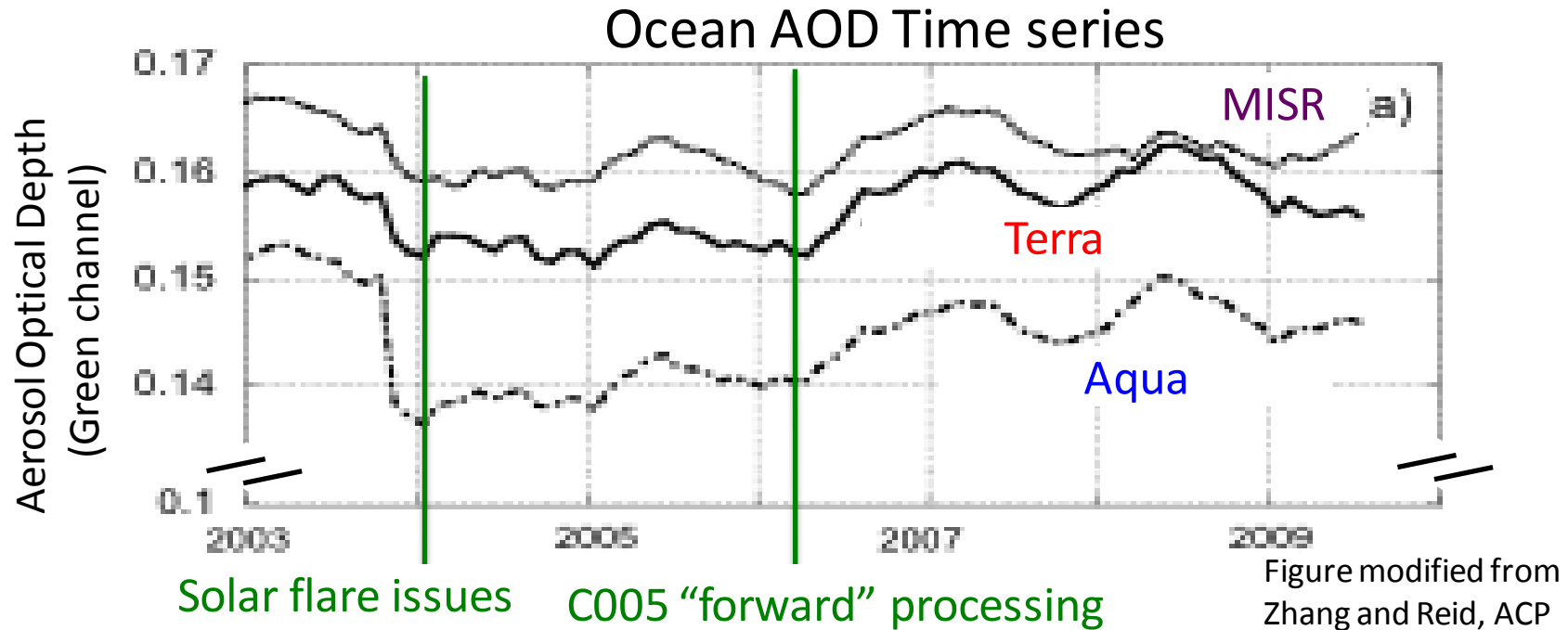
# Performance of MODIS instruments may be changing...

## Trends of MODIS-AERONET “agreement” over time (land)



- Over land: 14 AERONET sites with >7 years of data (plotted)
- Metric decreases for **Terra** ( $R = -0.275$ , **significant**), which means that in <2004, MODIS overestimates AOD, but >2004 MODIS underestimates! No trend for Aqua.
- ***AOD Trends over land may be actually changes of instrument “bias”.***
- Same games played over ocean, show negligible increase of both instruments versus AERONET, with Terra biased high and Aqua biased low.

# Ocean: No trend after removing bias

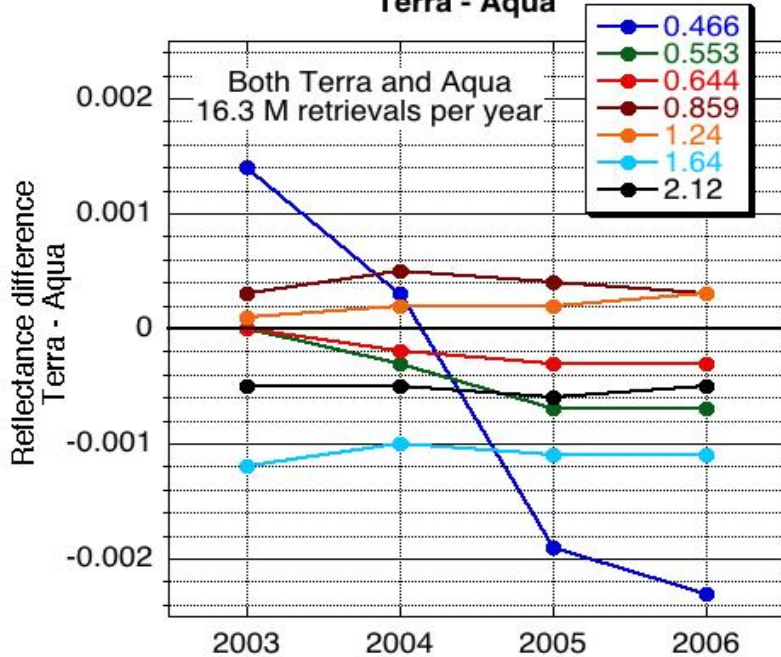


- Zhang and Reid found up trends for both Terra and Aqua –MODIS over ocean.
- There was no apparent trend for MISR, also flying on Terra.
- They corrected MODIS for biases, including cloud fraction and changes in MODIS vs AERONET “agreement”:
- They concluded that there is “negligible trend in AOD of 0.0003 / per year”.
- Apparent MODIS “trends” may be “jumps”, related to artifacts of calibration.



# AOD trends and trends of instrument calibration

Yearly mean L2 spectral reflectance ( $\rho = \pi/\mu_0 * \rho_{L1B}$ )  
used for calculating 10 km aerosol over ocean  
Terra - Aqua



Linking  $\Delta\tau$  to  $\Delta\rho$  (Terra-Aqua)

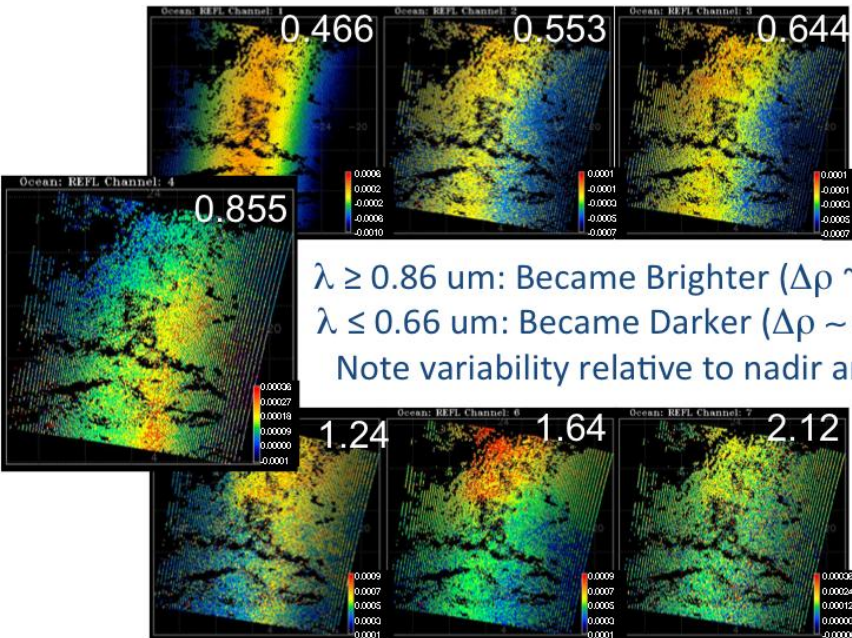
$$\Delta\rho=0.001 \rightarrow \Delta\tau=0.01$$

- Band #3 (466 nm) is *reported* but *not used* for ocean retrieval. Band #3 is *used* over land.
  - Land trend of  $\Delta\tau$  consistent with  $\Delta\rho$
- Band #2 (859 nm) is *central* for ocean retrieval
  - No trend, but consistent offset

- Band #3 drives Terra-Aqua trend over land
- Band #2 drives Terra-Aqua offset over ocean
- Effects are non-linear, so other bands must also be studied
- Maybe not “calibration” per se, but other *artifacts* of sensor degradation (meeting with MCST and alg. developers tomorrow!)

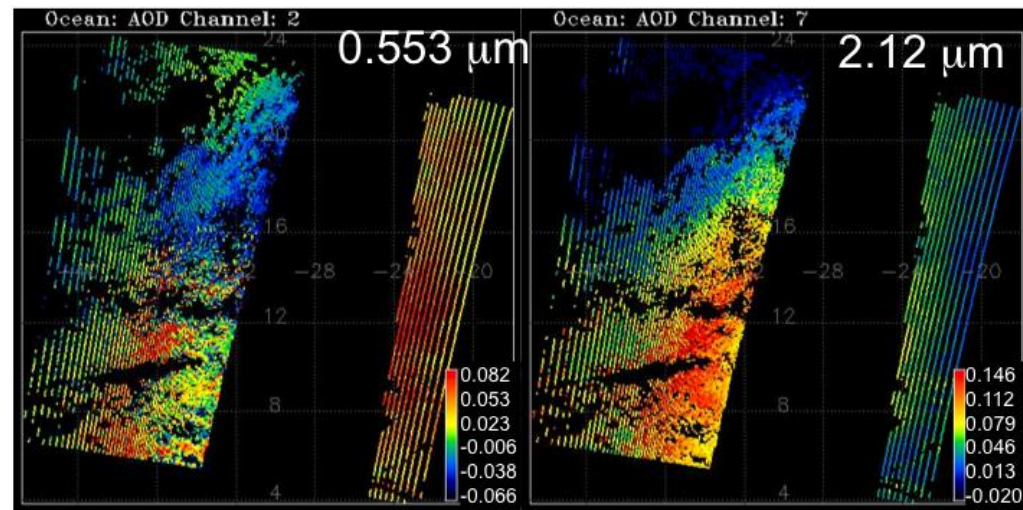
# Example of C5-C4 L1B change

## Changes in L1B reflectance: Terra, C5-C4



$\lambda \geq 0.86 \mu\text{m}$ : Became Brighter ( $\Delta\rho \sim 0.0002$ )  
 $\lambda \leq 0.66 \mu\text{m}$ : Became Darker ( $\Delta\rho \sim -0.0001$ )  
Note variability relative to nadir and glint

## Impact on retrieved AOD: Terra, C5-C4



Impact varies spectrally, and depends on specific geometry and aerosol/surface conditions

# Means and Trends

## Surprises in C005

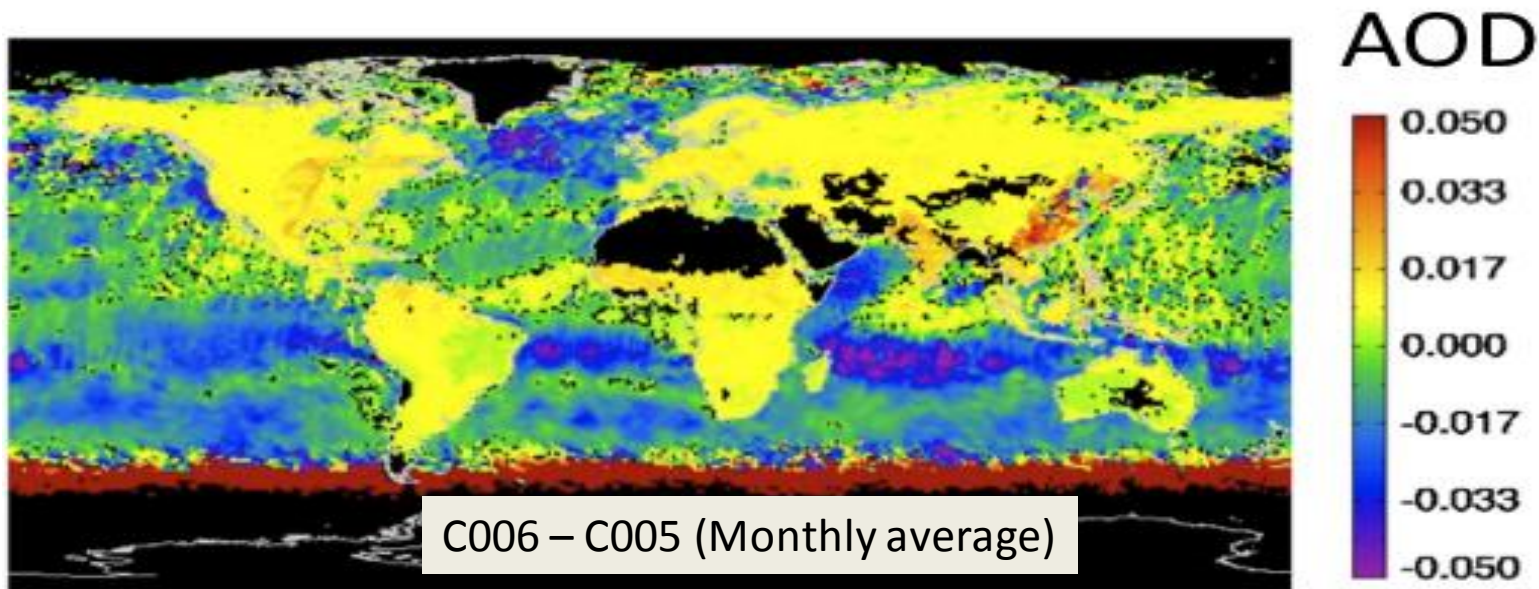
- Calibration differences and drifts are sufficient to explain a portion of the apparent MODIS trends and Terra/Aqua discrepancies.
- In cooperation with MODIS calibration team, we are searching the instrumental record, and identifying issues that we must correct for and deal with.
- *Data producers (us) and data users (you) must be aware of potential artifacts in the data.*
- Case studies and other inter-comparisons are necessary for interpreting the satellite data correctly.



Looking ahead to Collection 6

# Other changes for C006

- The C005 product was good, but it can be better
  - Plenty of changes for aerosol algorithm (both land and ocean)
  - LUT consistency (wavelengths, Rayleigh optical depth).
  - QA consistency: Make sure QA is assigned correctly



- Many new products as well (for another talk)

# TEST, TEST, and TEST some more!

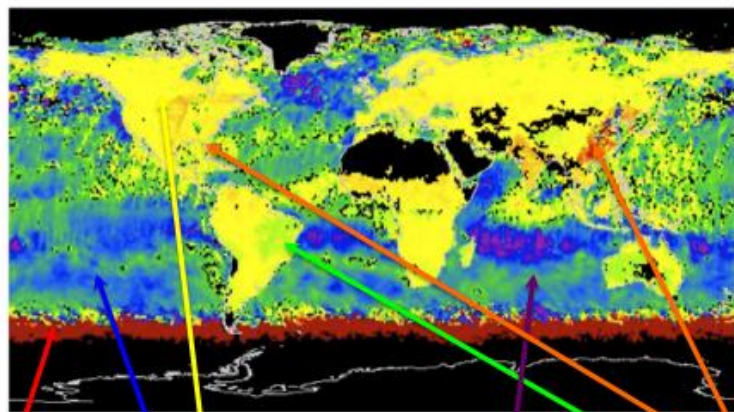
C006 development paradigm is:

- We know that C006 Radiance product will be different than C005.
- Have MCST produce test versions of C006 radiances over many days, months, and seasons throughout both Terra and Aqua lifetimes.
- Use the production team (LAADS) to make many tests, on different combinations of C005 and C006 algorithms/radiances
- **Characterize C006 aerosol product *before* becoming operational**

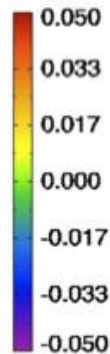


# “Getting it right” (or at least well characterized)

## C6-C5: Algorithm only



AOD



**Global Correction of Rayleigh optical depth:**

- 0.01 increase over land
- 0.01 decrease over ocean

**Allowing SZA up to 84°:**

- high latitude coverage

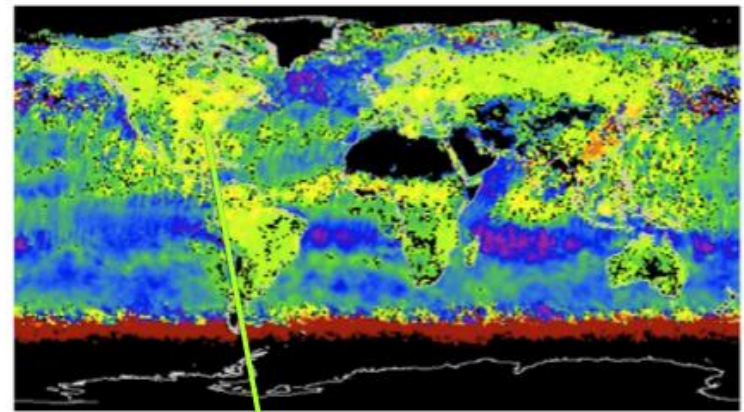
**New aerosol model map boundaries over land:**

- increase over SE Asia and N. American plains
- decrease over Brazil savanna and Australia

**Multiple wind speed LUT Over ocean**

- >0.02 decrease near glint and where large wind speed (e.g. roaring 40s in SH)

## C6-C5: Alghm + Calibration



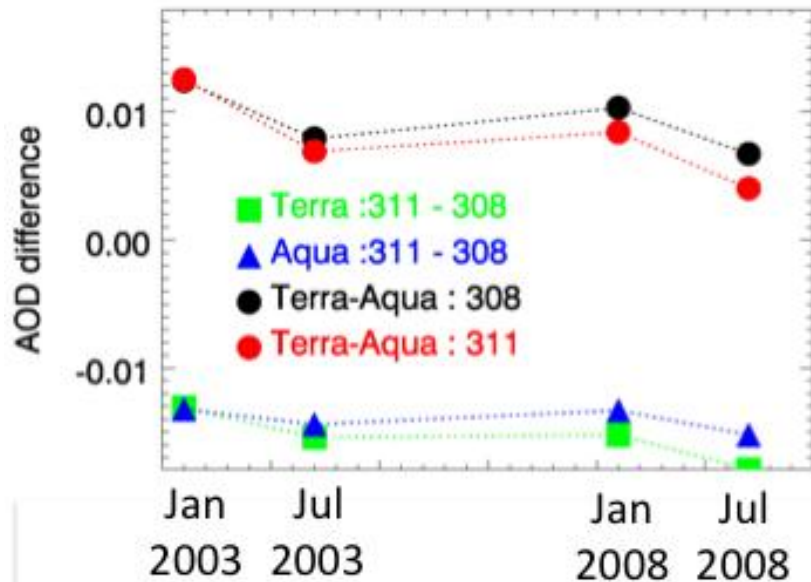
**Calibration:**

- Cuts over land-increase in half

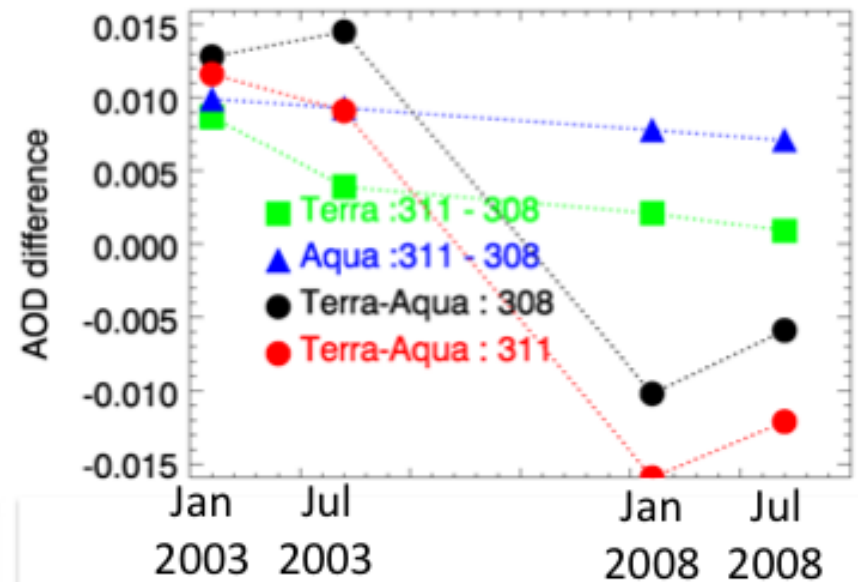
*In collaboration with LAADS, via B. Ridgway*

# Predicted impacts from LAADS tests

Differences in mean AOD at 553 nm: ocean



Differences in mean AOD at 553 nm: land



“308” (C5 calibration, C5 algorithm) versus “311” (C6, C6)  
Four whole months, Jan and July, 2003 and 2008.

Land: Terra-Aqua “trend” would remain in C006  
Ocean: Terra-Aqua “offset” would remain in C006

# Getting it right

- C006 production will begin sometime this year.
- Our product is part of a “food chain”
- Our goal is to characterize the aerosol product *before* it becomes operational
- Part of our job is to ensure that *Science* and *Nature* papers are not published because of artifacts of the instruments and/or algorithms!



# Summary

- Our own evaluation of C005 is ongoing
- We have found “surprises” in the aerosol statistics
- People are writing *Science/Nature* papers about aerosol statistics
- C005 surprises seem to be related to calibration and instrument degradation artifacts.

# Summary

- We don't want surprise artifacts in C006 data
- This time, we are doing testing, testing, and more testing *before* C006 is operational
- At least we want to know what the issues are
- Is the problem one of “polarization correction” for Band #3?
- What about offsets in Band #2?
- Do other groups care?
- How do we fix? Purpose of this meeting



Thank you